POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L PERMETHRIN

(40:60::CIS:TRANS)

SOLVENT: 426 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS



For the control of certain insect pests on crops as per Directions for Use.

AgNova Technologies Pty Ltd

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

TREE AND VINE CROPS

CROP	PEST	STATES	APPLICATION RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CROP Citrus non- bearing trees only	PEST Citrus Leaf Miner (Phyllocnistis citrella)	NSW, SA, Vic, Qld, WA & NT only	APPLICATION RATE Ground Application Dilute Spraying: 10 mL/100 L water Concentrate Spraying: Refer to the Application Section	- WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS During period of leaf flush, nursery plants should be sprayed every 21 days when evidence of active Citrus Leaf Miner infestation is present. A spray or dip should also be applied prior to dispatch of plants from nurseries which are located in areas where the Citrus Leaf Miner is known to occur. Sprays and dips should ensure thorough wetting of foliage. Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment.
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NON TREE AND VINE CROPS

CROP	PEST	STATES	APPLICATION RATE				
			Ground Application/ha	Aerial/ha	High Volume	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Cabbages, Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, Broccoli	Cabbage Moth (Plutella xylostella) Cabbage White Butterfly (Pieris rapae)	All States	100 mL in 600 to 1000 L water plus 10 mL/100 L Agral*	-	10 mL/100 L plus 10 mL/100 L Agral, spray to run-off	2 days	Add Agral to the spray mixture. Apply Ambush® at the first sign of infestation and then as pest populations indicate.
	Cabbage Cluster Caterpillar (Crocidolomia binotalis) Cabbage Aphid ⁺ (Brevicoryne brassicae) Green Peach Aphid ⁺ (Myzus persicae)	Qld & WA only					
	*Suppression only Cluster Caterpillar (Spodoptera litura)		200 mL in 600 to 1000 L water plus 10 mL/100 L Agral	-	20 mL/100 L plus 10 mL/100 L Agral, spray to run-off		
Celery	Lucerne Leaf Roller (Merophyas divulsana)	All States	-	-	50 mL/100 L	1 day	Apply every 7 days commencing 1 week after planting out up to within 2 days of harvest. Thorough application is essential. Use wetting agent.
	Heliothis (<i>Helicoverpa</i> spp.), Looper (<i>Chrysodeixis</i> spp.)		200 mL/ha	-	20 mL/100 L		Thorough application coverage is essential. DO NOT apply two consecutive sprays. Alternate with other products approved from different chemical groups and mode of action. Use wetting agent.
							HELIOTHIS: Delay the use of AMBUSH which is disruptive to beneficials if Helicoverpa is the target pest. Use approved Bt or NPV products for use on celery while thresholds are low and caterpillars small (5-10 mm). Limit AMBUSH to control high density infestations, large spread of larval sizes and persistent egg lays.
							LOOPERS: Apply at first signs of infestation for Loopers.

NON TREE AND VINE CROPS continued

			APPLICATION RATE				
CROP	PEST	STATES	Ground Application/ha	Aerial/ha	High Volume	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Field Peas	Helicoverpa punctigera	SA, WA, NSW, Vic & Tas only	150 to 250 mL in 200 to 500 L water	150 to 250 mL in 20 to 30 L water	-	2 days	Apply at flowering as pest populations indicate. Use higher rate when larvae larger than 1 cm are present.
Green Beans	Native Budworm (Helicoverpa punctigera) Tobacco Budworm (Helicoverpa armigera)	All States Qld, NSW, Vic, SA & WA only	150 to 200 mL in 200 to 500 L water	150 to 200 mL in 20 to 30 L water	-	3 days	Apply from flowering as pest populations indicate. Use higher rate when larvae larger than 1 cm are present.
Green Peas	Helicoverpa spp.	All States	150 to 250 mL in 200 to 500 L water	150 to 250 mL in 20 to 30 L water	-	3 days	Apply from flowering as pest populations indicate. Use higher rate when larvae larger than 1 cm are present.
Lettuce	Cluster Caterpillar (Spodoptera litura)	All States	10 to 20 mL in 100 L water	-	-	2 days	Apply as pest populations indicate. Use higher rate when larvae larger than 1 cm are present.
Linseed	Helicoverpa punctigera	All States	200 to 300 mL in 30 to 100 L water	200 to 300 mL in 10 to 30 L water	-	7 days	Apply as pest populations indicate. Use higher rate when larvae larger than 1 cm are present.
Nurseries, Flowers & other ornamentals except Ferns	Helicoverpa spp. Light Brown Apple Moth (Epiphyas postuittana)	All States	100 to 200 mL in 1000 L water	-	10 to 20 mL/100 L spray to run-off	-	Apply as pest populations indicate. Use higher rate when larvae larger than 1 cm are present. Note: AMBUSH may cause leaf burn on some species when more than one spray is used.
Potatoes	Potato Moth (Phthorimaea operculella)	All States	150 to 200 mL in 100 to 250 L water	150 to 200 mL in 30 to 100 L water	15 to 20 mL/100 L spray to run-off	2 days	Treat infestation in early stages and then at 2 to 3 week intervals or as necessary. Use higher rate for dense canopy or if large larvae are present in vines.
Sweet Corn	Helicoverpa spp.	All States	100 to 200 mL in 200 to 450 L water	-	15 to 20 mL/100 L spray to run-off	2 days	Spray at tassel emergence then at 3 to 7 day intervals as necessary.
		NSW, Vic, Tas, SA & WA only	-	250 mL in 20 to 30 L water	-		
		Qld only	-	200 mL in 20 to 30 L water	-		Spray at tassel emergence then at 3 to 4 day intervals as necessary.
Sugarcane	Common Armyworm (Mythimna convecta) Northern Armyworm (Pseudaletia separata) Sugarcane Armyworm (Leucania loreymimima) Sugarcane Looper (Mocis frugalis)	Qld, WA & NSW only	_	100 to 200 mL in 20 to 30 L water	-	-	Apply as pest populations indicate. Use a higher rate if larvae larger than 1 cm are present.
Tobacco	Tobacco Budworm (Helicoverpa armigera) Native Budworm (Helicoverpa punctigera) Cluster Caterpillar (Spodoptera litura)	- , ,	100 to 200 mL in 250 to 600 L water	-	10 to 20 mL/100 L spray to run-off	2 days	Spray as indicated by crop checking. Usually a minimum interval is 7 days. Good spray coverage is essential. Use the higher rate when large larvae (more than 1 cm) are present.

NON TREE AND VINE CROPS continued

CROP	PEST	STATES	APPLICATION RATE				
			Ground Application/ha	Aerial/ha	High Volume	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Tomatoes	Tomato Grub (Helicoverpa armigera)	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA & WA only		_	15 to 20 mL/100 L spray to	2 days	Apply from flowering as pest populations indicate. Usually 7 to 14 day intervals are required
	Native Budworm (Helicoverpa punctigera)	All States			run-off		between sprays, with higher rates and shorter intervals
	Green Looper (Chrysodexis spp.) Potato Moth (Phthorimaea operculella)	Qld, NSW, SA & WA only					necessary for continuous high pest incidence.
Wheat, Oats & Barley	Common Armyworm (Mythimna convecta) Southern Armyworm Barley Grub (Persectania ewingii)	All States	100 to 200 mL in 30 to 100 L water	100 to 200 mL in 20 to 30 L water	-	3 days	Apply as pest populations indicate. Use higher rate if larvae larger than 1 cm are present.
	WA Webworm (Hednota spp.)	SA & WA only	50 mL in 30 to 100 L water	50 mL in 10 to 30 L water	-		Apply as pest populations indicate.
	Pink or Common Cutworm (<i>Agrotis</i> spp.)		25 mL in 30 to 100 L water	25 mL in 10 to 30 L water	-		

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

CELERY - DO NOT HARVEST FOR 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION.

COLE CROPS, FIELD PEAS, LETTUCE, POTATOES, SWEET CORN, TOBACCO, TOMATOES – DO NOT HARVEST FOR 2 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

GREEN BEANS, GREEN PEAS, WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY – DO NOT HARVEST FOR 3 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. LINSEED – DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Mixing

Mixes readily with hard or soft water. Add the required amount of product to water while under agitation. Agitate while spraying.

Application

Dilute Spraying (Citrus only):

Use a sprayer designed to apply high volumes of water up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off. The required water volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expert advice. Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use table for each 100 L of water. Spray to the point of run-off. The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer setup and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying (Citrus only):

Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies water volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume. Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (See *Dilute Spraying* above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate. The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following way:

Example Only:

- 1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500 L/ha.
- 2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 500 L/ha.
- 3. The concentration factor in this example is: 3 X (ie 1500 L \div 500 L = 3)
- 4. If the dilute label rate is 10 mL/100 L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3 x 10, that is 30 mL/100 L of concentrate spray.

The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100 L of water and the sprayer setup and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows. For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

Spillages

Liquid spillages should be absorbed into pumice or vermiculite, NOT SAWDUST, and disposed of safely. Refer to AVCARE guidelines on Disposal of Spills. Contaminated area to be washed down, cold water washings to be prevented from entering any surface water drains. During decontamination, operators should wear overalls, rubber boots, face shields or goggles.

INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

GROUP 3A INSECTICIDE

For insecticide resistance management AMBUSH is a Group 3A insecticide.

Some naturally occurring insect biotypes resistant to AMBUSH and other Group 3A insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if AMBUSH or other Group 3A insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of AMBUSH on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, AgNova Technologies Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of AMBUSH to control insects.

AMBUSH may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, AgNova Technologies Pty Ltd representative, local agricultural department agronomist or consult published Croplife Resistance Management Strategies at croplifeaustralia.org.au

SPRAY EQUIPMENT HYGIENE

Before and after spraying AMBUSH, spray equipment including tanks, nozzles, filters and spraylines should be cleaned thoroughly with a commercially available tank and equipment cleaner such as All Clear® DS.

COMPATIBILITY

This product may be combined in the spray vat with any one of the following products: Agral, Copper Oxychloride, Omite* and Pirimor*. This product is not to be mixed with more than one of these products or with any other product.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT contaminate neighbouring crops or pastures with concentrate, spray or washings.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK, WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to bees. Dangerous to fish. DO NOT spray on any plants in flower while bees are foraging. Never repack from this container. DO NOT contaminate fish ponds, dams, drains, rivers or streams with the chemical or the used container. DO NOT discharge waste liquid into waterways.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations.

Do not burn empty containers or product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When opening the container and preparing spray, wear:

- cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing)
- · elbow-length PVC gloves; and
- · face shield

Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

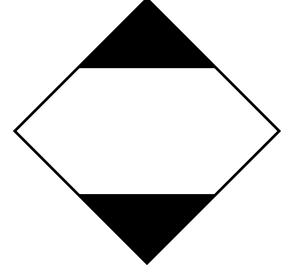
SAFETY DATA SHEET

If additional hazard information is required refer to the Safety Data Sheet. For a copy visit our website at agnova.com.au

CONDITIONS OF SALE

AgNova Technologies Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any consequential or other loss or damage relating to the supply or subsequent handling or use of this product, unless such liability by law cannot be lawfully excluded or limited. All warranties, conditions or rights implied by statute or other law which may be lawfully excluded are so excluded. Where the liability of AgNova Technologies Pty Ltd for breach of any such statutory warranties and conditions cannot be lawfully excluded but may be limited to it re-supplying the product or an equivalent product or the cost of a product or an equivalent product, then the liability of AgNova Technologies Pty Ltd for any breach of such statutory warranty or condition is so limited.

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Additional statements as required by Safe Work Australia in accordance with the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling (GHS).

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Store locked up.

> In a transport emergency dial 000, Police or Fire Brigade. For specialist advice in an emergency only, call 1800 033 111 (24 hours).

APVMA Approval No: 63975/124006

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